The Art of Faking Epidemics: Kansas City 1921

The faking of epidemics to peddle **serums and injections** is a natural extension of the **fear-inducing, superstition-absorbing Pasteurian 'germ theory of disease'** that was cemented in the early 20th century. It gained momentum for the rest of the century, until being turned into **a trillion dollar industry** in the 21st century by shrewd, ruthless businessmen such as Bill Gates and his backers of the same ideological bent.

What follows is a recount, **in a 1935 book** called "The Medical Voodoo", of an epidemic staged in Kansas City in 1921, and it was not the only one, there were others too.¹

The reader should note that this fake epidemic was pulled off at the city level, given the circumstances of the day.

The faking of epidemics has continued to this day, but with the added benefits of technological sophistication, the use of apparently impartial institutions and bodies—funded and/or controlled by the beneficiaries of the stagers of the epidemic—and a high degree of media centralisation and control that aids in driving the epidemic narrative, stoking fear and preventing scrutiny and dissent.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ "The Medical Voodoo" by Annie Hale, 1935.

Faked Epidemic Kansas 1921

Another example of the power of medical officialdom under "the system" to manufacture epidemic scares at will, was furnished in Kansas City, Missouri, in the Fall of 1921, when it appears the Jackson County Medical Society, at a time when business was very dull in doctors' offices, met and created a smallpox epidemic by "resolution"! The facts in regard to it were brought to light by the "Advertisers' Protective Bureau" of that city, a quasi-public institution whose declared purpose is "to protect the public from fraudulent and misleading advertising." From a circular issued by the Protective Bureau after the affair had blown over, we glean the following excerpts:

While the medical interests of Kansas City were busily endeavoring to cope with the sudden big demand for vaccination and preventive treatment; and while the public generally was hovering between fear and terror as to the extent of the scourge; the business interests of Kansas City were struck a blight as serious as it was sudden.

The circular declares that prior to the meeting of the Jackson County Medical Society and the passage of its "recommendation" to the Hospital and Health Board early in November,

the health of the city had been unusually good. According to Health Department records, during February, March and April, there was an average of 115 cases of smallpox per month, but no epidemic was declared. Very few cases

were reported for the summer months—in July only five. 213 cases were reported for November, but not in the beginning of November when the scare was started. After the epidemic was declared a number of cases which in the absence of the scare would have been classified as something else, went to swell the smallpox total.

"But even if there were 213 genuine cases for the whole of November," the report continues, "that was nothing unusual for a city of this size, and fewer than the number of cases reported in other localities where no epidemics were declared."

Then follows the Advertisers' report of the Jackson Medical Society's "recommendations" which brought about the epidemic, and are very interesting as illustrating the different types of technique employed by the creators of called-to-order epidemics:

Motion made and seconded, that a recommendation be made by this Committee to the Board of Health, that an epidemic of smallpox be declared to exist in the city at the present time. Moved and seconded that all employers and employees of all industries, department stores, public buildings, hospitals, theatres, moving-picture shows, hotels and rooming houses, be vaccinated at once, or show to the satisfaction of the Board of Health that they have had a successful vaccination.

Moved and seconded that all employees of

restaurants and cafeterias, and all persons handling food products of any kind, and all vendors of any articles serving the public, be vaccinated at once unless they can show a successful vaccination scar.

Moved and seconded, that a day be set aside, to be termed VACCINATION DAY, on which physicians will be stationed at every public school, public building, hospital, clinic and dispensary of the city, to vaccinate free of charge every one applying—child or adult. It is further recommended, that the above motion be given wide publicity, that placards be placed in all public places, drug stores, street cars, etc. stating that quarantine is not a preventive of smallpox, but that vaccination is, and urging the absolute necessity of vaccination for every one.

From all which it appears that the Jackson County Medical Society didn't slight anybody in its recommendations for the vaccination orgy of Kansas City in 1921, and if any recalcitrant citizens escaped at that time, they must have felt as lonesome as the "few righteous persons" who fled from the destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah.

The Advertisers' Protective Bureau continues its report as follows:

The facts seem to be that just before the epidemic was declared, health conditions were exceptionally favorable. Hospitals were running at less than 50 percent their usual attendance. Health Department records

showed a small list of contagious diseases, and the Health Commissioner, Dr. E. H. Bullock, had felt it an opportune time to be away on his vacation. We learned also that medical practitioners had fewer cases and were not overrun with calls.

The sudden calling of the epidemic with the accompanying ballyhoo, changed all this. Every medical man in the city had his hands full with vaccinating patients, both at his office and in the homes.

Unofficial estimates place the number of paid vaccinations—exclusive of "free vaccinations" at schools and health centers—at 200,000 for which fees from 25 cents to \$5 were charged. An average fee of \$2.50 for those who paid would yield a half million dollars to the doctors in vaccination fees alone. The many who suffered from the after effects of vaccination—requiring medical attendance in some instances over a period of months—also added to the medical harvest of gain, besides those who from reading about the epidemic sought the doctor's aid for imaginary symptoms.

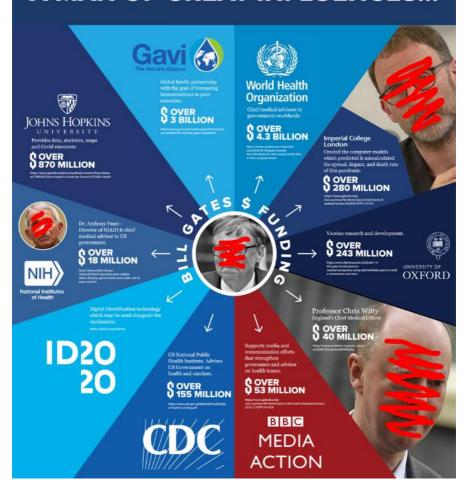
Meanwhile, the position of everybody except the doctors in Kansas City was very unfortunate. Merchants who had been hopefully anticipating holiday business, following the slack summer months, saw their expectations go glimmering. But they patriotically swallowed their losses, and cooperated fully with the movement to eliminate

what they believed to be a raging smallpox epidemic. This Bureau's investigation, however, showed that other places about the same time had far more smallpox proportionately than Kansas City, without being placed under the ban of an epidemic.

Had these "patriotic" Missourians exhibited some of their traditional astuteness in asking "to be shown" about the voodoo rite of vaccination, they could have saved themselves not alone from money losses, but from the disease-crop—worse than smallpox—which invariably follows an orgy of wholesale vaccinations. That the logical sequence is lost to the average citizen, is due to the confusing disease-nomenclature supplied by the medical profession to cover up their disease-sowing tracks. Suppress one manifestation of a toxemic crisis, and when a later and worse one appears, give it a different name. Such has been the immemorial medical custom.

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A MAN OF GREAT INFLUENCES...





Fauci: 'No doubt' Trump will face surprise infectious disease outbreak

January 11, 2017



Anthony S. Fauci, MD, director of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases, said there is "no doubt" Donald J. Trump will be confronted with a surprise infectious disease outbreak during his presidency.

Fauci has led the NIAID for more than 3 decades, advising the past five United States presidents on global health threats from the early days of the AIDS epidemic in the 1980s through to the current Zika virus outbreak.

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During a forum on pandemic preparedness at Georgetown University, Fauci said the Trump administration will not only be challenged by ongoing global health threats such as influenza and HIV, but also a surprise disease outbreak.



Anthony S. Fauci

Bill Gates: "...Most of the work we're going to do to be ready for 'Pandemic 2', I call this 'Pandemic 1', most of the work we'll do for that are also the things we need to do to minimize the threat of bioterrorism." April 2020.



Bill Gates assuming foreknowledge of "Pandemic 2" in April 2020

² It is unclear whether Bill Gates is hinting at a prediction about a bio-terrorism event in the same way that both he and Anthony Fauci predicted a huge pandemic event a few years ago.